

Vector Borne Disease **2021 Surveillance Report**

Summit County Public Health



Report Weeks 15 and 16 (August 29 to September 11, 2021)

MMWR Weeks 35 and 36

This report will be issued from June through October of each year (or later if West Nile Virus disease is still a concern). Surveillance will include human and veterinary cases and testing of mosquito pools in Summit County. It will also include updates from Ohio and around the nation. It will include vector-borne diseases besides West Nile Virus.

SUMMIT COUNTY SURVEILLANCE

| Reporting week(s) | # of WNV tests ordered this period | # of positive WNV tests this period | Cumulative # of tests ordered this season | Cumulative # of positive tests this season | Percentage of positive tests |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|--|------------------------------|
| Weeks 1 & 2: 5/23 to 6/5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Weeks 3 & 4: 6/6 to 6/19 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 5 & 6: 6/20 to 7/3 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 7 & 8: 7/4 to 7/17 | 7 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 9 & 10: 7/18 to 7/31 | 9 | 0 | 22 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 11 & 12: 8/1 to 8/14 | 8 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 13 & 14: 8/15 to 8/28 | 4 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 15 & 16: 8/29 to 9/11 | 13 | 0 | 47 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Weeks 17 & 18: 9/12 to 9/25 | | | | | |
| Weeks 19 & 20: 9/26 to 10/9 | | | | | |
| Weeks 21 & 22: 10/10 to 10/23 | | | | _ | |

West Nile virus testing (Table 1): During surveillance Weeks 15 and 16, there were 13 tests for West Nile virus ordered by Summit County hospitals, none of which were positive.

Lyme disease testing (Table 2): There were 52 diagnostic test series performed for Lyme disease during Weeks 15 and 16, 7 tests were positive and 1 had indeterminate results. The CDC currently recommends a two-step process when testing blood for evidence of antibodies against the Lyme disease bacteria (*Borrelia burgdorferi*). Both steps can be done using the same blood sample. The first step uses a testing procedure called "EIA" (enzyme immunoassay) or rarely, an "IFA" (indirect immunofluorescence assay). If this first step is negative, no further testing of the specimen is recommended. If the first step is positive or indeterminate (sometimes called "equivocal"), then the second step should be performed. The second step uses a test called an immunoblot test, commonly, a "Western blot" test. Results are considered positive only if the EIA/IFA and the immunoblot are both positive.

| Reporting week(s) | # of Lyme tests ordered this period | # of positive Lyme tests this period | Cumulative # of tests ordered this season | Cumulative # of positive tests this season | Percentage of positive tests |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---|--|------------------------------|
| Weeks 1 & 2: 5/23 to 6/5 | 54 | 3 | 54 | 3 | 5.6% |
| Weeks 3 & 4: 6/6 to 6/19 | 84 | 13 | 138 | 16 | 11.6% |
| Weeks 5 & 6: 6/20 to 7/3 | 150 | 33 | 288 | 49 | 17.0% |
| Weeks 7 & 8: 7/4 to 7/17 | 89 | 23 | 377 | 72 | 19.1% |
| Weeks 9 & 10: 7/18 to 7/31 | 97 | 28 | 475 | 100 | 21.1% |
| Weeks 11 & 12: 8/1 to 8/14 | 80 | 18 | 555 | 118 | 21.3% |
| Weeks 13 & 14: 8/15 to 8/28 | 68 | 9 | 623 | 127 | 20.4% |
| Weeks 15 & 16: 8/29 to 9/11 | 52 | 7 | 675 | 134 | 19.9% |
| Weeks 17 & 18: 9/12 to 9/25 | | | | | |
| Weeks 19 & 20: 9/26 to 10/9 | | | | | |
| Weeks 21 & 22: 10/10 to 10/23 | | | | | |

Reported vector-borne diseases in 2021 (Table 3): As of September 11, there were 71 reported cases of Lyme disease; 23 were confirmed, 2 was probable and 46 were suspected status. There were also one suspected case of spotted fever rickettsiosis (Rocky Mountain spotted fever), two cases of Lacrosse virus disease (1 confirmed, 1 suspected), one suspected case of ehrlichiosis, one confirmed case of anaplasmosis, one suspected case of babesiosis, and two confirmed cases of malaria among Summit County residents.

| | Confirmed or Probable | Suspected | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| Tick-borne diseases: | | | |
| Babesiosis | 0 | 1 | |
| Erhlichiosis / anaplasmosis | 1 | 1 | |
| Lyme disease | 25 | 46 | |
| Powassan virus disease | 0 | 0 | |
| Spotted fever rickettsiosis | 1 | 0 | |
| | | | |
| Mosquito-borne diseases: | | | |
| Chikungunya | 0 | 0 | |
| Dengue | 0 | 0 | |
| Eastern equine encephalitis | 0 | 0 | |
| LaCrosse virus disease | 1 | 1 | |
| Malaria | 2 | 0 | Cass were associated with international travel |
| St. Louis encephalitis virus disease | 0 | 0 | |
| Zika virus infection | 0 | 0 | |
| West Nile virus infection | 0 | 0 | |

Table 4. Notable mosquito and tick species identifications in Summit County (as of September 9, 2021) Summit **Species name** Diseases associated County Ohio **Mosquito species** Aedes albopictus Chikungunya, dengue fever, yellow fever 5 3,283 612 2.380 Aedes triseriatus La Crosse encephalitis 127 513 Coquillettidia perturbans Eastern equine encephalitis, West Nile virus **Tick species** Amblyomma americanum Ehrlichiosis, tularemia, red meat allergy 0 115 Dermacentor variabilis Rocky Mountain spotted fever, tularemia 31 1398 1 312 **Ixodes** scapularis Lyme disease, babesiosis, anaplasmosis 0 4 Haemaphysalis longicornis New invasive species, livestock infestations Source: Ohio Department of Health (Identification via mailed specimens, emailed photos and iNaturalist observations)

Table 5. Reported Aseptic/Viral Meningitis Cases in Summit County in 2021 (confirmed & probable)

| - | | • |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Reporting Week(s) | Cases reported this period | Cumulative cases for the season |
| Aseptic meningitis cases reported prior to season (1/1 to 5/22/2021) | 4 | - |
| Weeks 1 & 2: 5/23 to 6/5 | 0 | 0 |
| Weeks 3 & 4: 6/6 to 6/19 | 0 | 0 |
| Weeks 5 & 6: 6/20 to 7/3 | 0 | 0 |
| Weeks 7 & 8: 7/4 to 7/17 | 0 | 0 |
| Weeks 9 & 10: 7/18 to 7/31 | 1 | 1 |
| Weeks 11 & 12: 8/1 to 8/14 | 0 | 1 |
| Weeks 13 & 14: 8/15 to 8/28 | 0 | 1 |
| Weeks 15 & 16: 8/29 to 9/11 | 0 | 1 |
| Weeks 17 & 18: 9/12 to 9/25 | | |
| Weeks 19 & 20: 9/26 to 10/9 | | |
| Weeks 21 & 22: 10/10 to 10/23 | | |
| Source: Ohio Disease Reporting System | (ODRS) | |

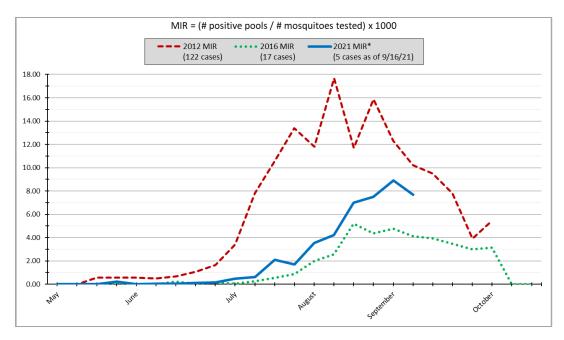
Reported aseptic/viral meningitis cases (Table 5): Prior to the reporting season, there were 4 reported cases of aseptic meningitis, and zero cases were reported during Weeks 15 and 16. Aseptic/viral meningitis is the most common type of meningitis and occurs predominately in the summer and fall. While most aseptic/viral meningitis cases are due to gastrointestinal or respiratory viruses, similar symptoms may be present with arthropod-borne diseases.

Mosquito testing by the Ohio Department of Health (Table

6): Based on the ODH mosquito testing summary released on September 16, 2021, 52,843 mosquitoes have been collected in 2021 throughout Summit County. These mosquitos were identified, and 42,316 *Culex spp.* mosquitos were submitted for testing to ODH as 1,421 pooled samples. 35 pools were positive for the West Nile virus, 15 pooled samples are pending.

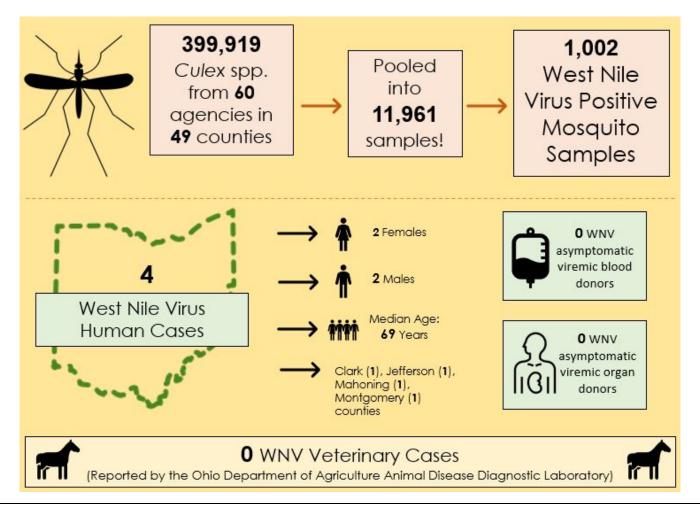
| Table 6. Mosquito Testing in Summit County (samples processed by noon on 9/16/2021) | | | | |
|---|--------|--|--|--|
| Mosquitoes identified | 52,843 | | | |
| Pooled samples tested | 1,421 | | | |
| Positive WNV pooled samples | 35 | | | |
| Note: All mosquitoes pools tested were Culex spp. | | | | |

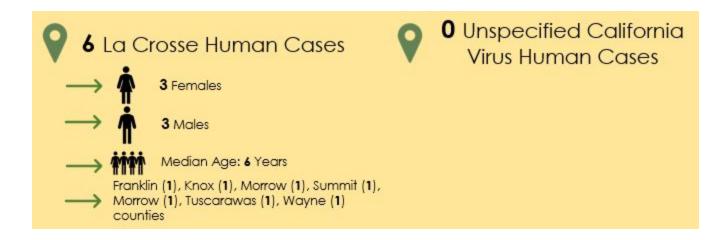
Figure 1. Minimum infection rate (MIR) of West Nile Virus in Culex spp. collected in Ohio as of 9/16/2021

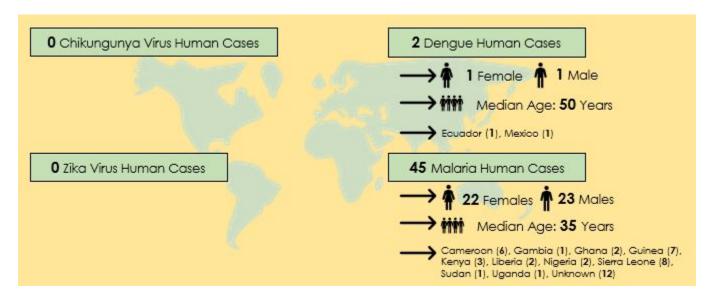


The West Nile virus minimum infection rate was 7.67 in the second week of September (MMWR 36), with a seasonal average of 2.21 (Figure 1). As of September 16, 1,154 mosquito pools in Ohio tested positive for West Nile virus, including 35 pools in Summit County. At this time in 2020, Summit County had 2 mosquito pools that tested positive for West Nile virus.

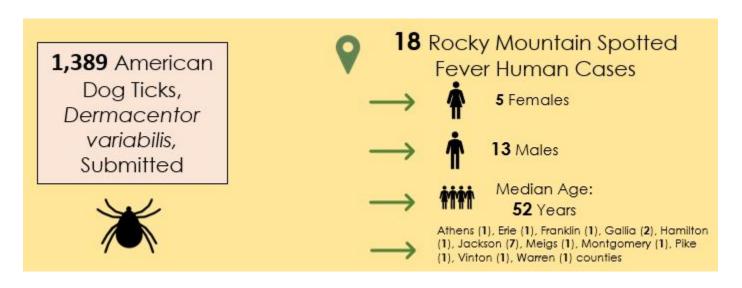
Ohio Mosquito-borne diseases (as of 9/9/2021)

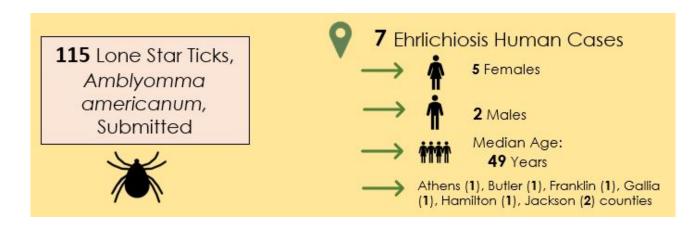


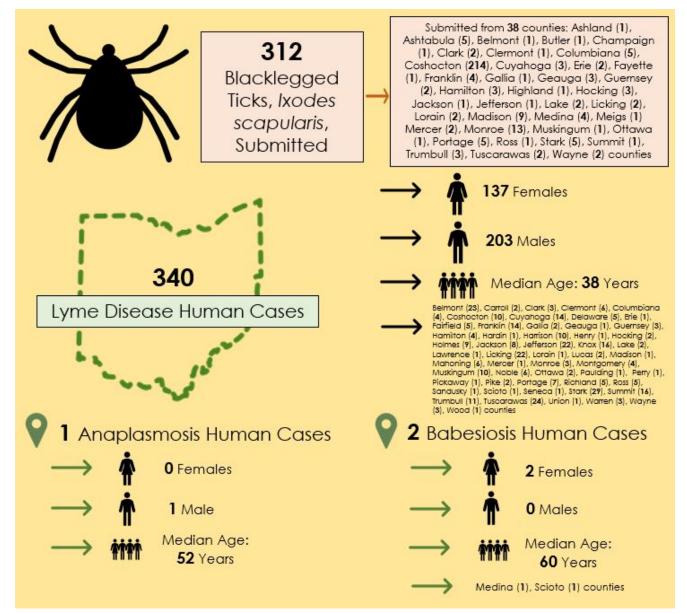




Ohio Tick-borne diseases (as of 9/9/2021):







Special note for travelers:

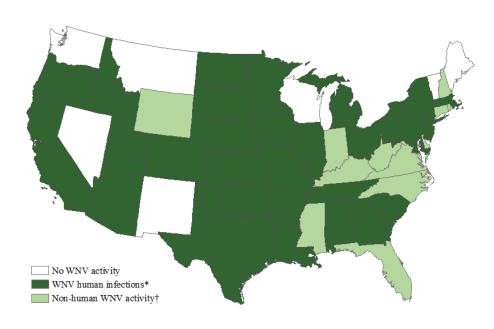
Ohioans traveling to areas where local transmission is occurring should be aware of the ongoing situation and make every effort to avoid mosquito bites. Additional information can be found from the <u>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)'s Travelers' Health</u> and <u>Pan-American Health Organization</u> websites.

Table 7. Reported Vector Borne disease in the United States, 2021

| Disease | Weeks 15 and 16 (8/29 to 9/11/2021) | 2021 (as of 9/11) Cumulative | | |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Babesiosis | 56 | 1777 | | |
| Chikungunya | 0 | 7 | | |
| Dengue (includes dengue-like illness) | 1 | 36 | | |
| Eastern equine encephalitis | 0 | 1 | | |
| Erlichiosis / anaplasmosis | 99 | 4857 | | |
| Jamestown Canyon virus disease | 0 | 3 | | |
| LaCrosse virus disease | 0 | 15 | | |
| Lyme Disease | Not reported v | Not reported weekly by CDC | | |
| Malaria | 21 | 637 | | |
| Powassan virus disease | 0 | 16 | | |
| Spotted fever rickettsiosis | Not reported weekly by CDC | | | |
| St. Louis encephalitis virus disease | 0 | 0 | | |
| West Nile virus infection | 29 | 321 | | |
| Zika virus infection, non congenital | 0 | 1 | | |
| Note: Data is provisional and subject to change | | | | |

Source: https://wonder.cdc.gov/nndss/nndss_weekly_tables_menu.asp

Figure 2. West Nile virus activity by state – United States, 2021 (as of September 7, 2021)



WNV infections in mosquitoes, birds, sentinel animals, or veterinary animals have been reported to CDC ArboNET from every state in 2021 except: Arkansas, Kansas, Maine, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Vermont, Washington, and Wisconsin

West Nile virus infections in humans have been reported to CDC ArboNET from the following states: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, and Utah.

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/westnile/statsmaps/preliminarymapsdata2020/activitybystate2020.html

About this report: Reporting agencies include Summit County hospital laboratories and the Ohio Department of Health. Vector-borne disease case data for Summit County are obtained from the Ohio Disease Reporting System.

Many thanks to all agencies who report vector-borne disease data weekly.

Reporting from participants may not be complete each week. Numbers may change as updated reports are received. For questions, please contact Joan Hall (jhall@schd.org) or the SCPH Communicable Disease Unit (330-375-2662). This report was issued on **September 17, 2021**.