

Summit County Public Health Influenza Surveillance Report

2021 - 2022 Season





Flu Surveillance Weeks 29 & 30 (4/17/2022 to 4/30/2022) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention MMWR Weeks 16 & 17

Summit County Surveillance Data:

In **Week 30** of influenza surveillance, influenza-related activity remained a minimal level in Ohio and Summit County; COVID-19 activity in Summit County remained at the CDC Community Level of LOW.

	Week 29 MMWR 16 N (%) ¹	Week 30 MMWR 17 N (%) ¹	Percent change from previous week	No. of weeks increasing or decreasing
Lab Reports: Influenza				
Test Performed	996	1016	+ 2.0%	^1
Positive Tests (Number and %)	149 (15.0)	163 (16.0)	+ 7.2%	1
Influenza A (Number and %)	148 (14.9)	163 (16.0)	+ 8.0%	1
Influenza B (Number and %)	1 (0.10)	0 (0.0)	- 100%	↓2
Lab Reports: COVID-19				
Test Performed	1904	2088	+ 9.7%	↑1
Positive Tests (Number and %)	87 (4.6)	126 (6.0)	+ 32.1%	↑ 4
Acute care hospitalizations for Influenza:	10	13	+ 30.0%	^1
Acute care hospitalizations for COVID-19:	23	13	- 43.5%	↓1
Pharmacy Prescriptions				
Zanamivir (Relenza)	0	0		
Oseltamivir (Tamiflu)	0	1	+ 100%	1
Baloxavir marboxil (Xofluza)	0	0		
Peramivir (Rapivab)	0	0		
Total	0	1	+ 100%	1
Schools absenteeism ²	4.9%	8.5%	+ 74.3%	^1
Deaths (occurred in Summit Cour	nty)			
Total deaths certified	145	144	- 0.7%	NC
Pneumonia associated	11 (7.6)	10 (6.9)	- 8.5%	↓1
Influenza associated	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)		
COVID-19 associated	2 (1.4)	0 (0.0)	- 100%	↓2
Emergency room visits (EpiCente	r) ^{3 (} Figure 3)			
Total ED Visits	6228	6172	- 0.9%	NC
Constitutional Complaints	633 (10.2)	609 (9.9)	- 2.9%	↓1
Fever and ILI	111 (1.8)	108 (1.7)	- 1.8%	↓1

¹⁾ N and % are reported when available

Note: Data is provisional and may be updated as more information is received. Percentages should be interpreted with caution. Small changes in number can result in large changes in percent. When a percentage, or prevalence, is available in this table, the percent change will be calculated from those values

Lab reports: During the Week 30 of influenza surveillance, reporting Summit County facilities performed 1,016 flu tests, of which 163 had positive results (all were Type A). 2,088 COVID-19 tests were completed by reporting partners, with a positivity rate of 6.0% in Week 30 (a 32.1% increase from previous week) (Figure 4) Note: Influenza and COVID-19 testing data are collected from selected reporting partners and do not represent positivity rates for the entire county.

Acute Care Hospitalizations: There were 13 reported influenza and 13 COVID-19 admissions during Week 30. Figure 2 displays hospitalizations in Summit County.

Pharmacies: One prescription for CDC-approved antiviral medications was reported during Week 30.

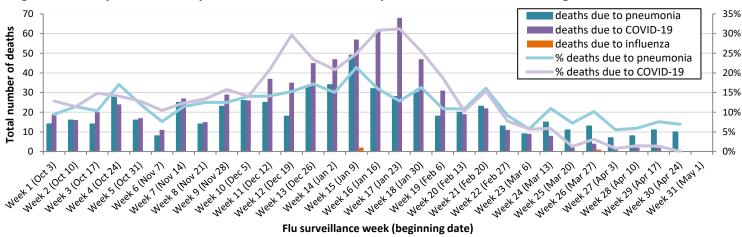
School absenteeism includes absences regardless of reason. During Week 30, the absence rate was 8.5%, an increase of 74.3% from the previous week.

Zero deaths related to influenza, 10 pneumonia deaths and 0 COVID-19 related deaths were reported during Week 30. The rates of pneumonia deaths decreased by 8.5% and COVID-19 deaths decreased by 100%. Figure 1 displays weekly counts of flu season deaths occurring in Summit County. The seasonal total for influenza deaths in Summit County is three deaths.

²⁾ Absence is for any reason. Percent is from total number of students enrolled. Data was collected from 12 schools or school districts throughout Summit County (n = approx. 32,000 students)

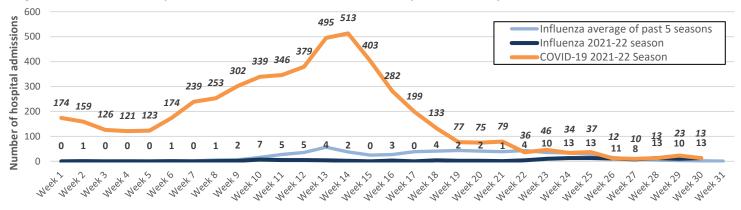
³⁾ Percent is from total number of emergency room interactions

Figure 1. Weekly Summit County death counts associated with pneumonia and influenza during 2021-2022 season



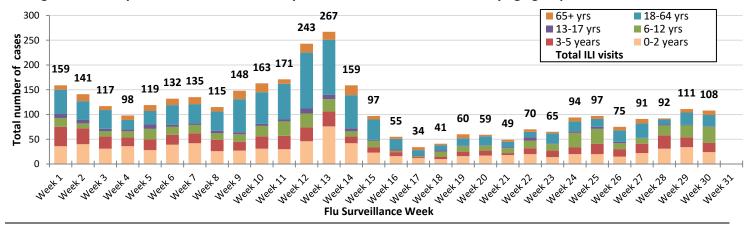
Hospitalizations: In Week 30, participating Summit County hospitals reported 13 influenza-associated hospitalizations and 13 COVID-19 admissions. **Figure 2** displays weekly confirmed hospitalization counts for Summit County. **Influenza hospitalization cumulative count to date = 135.**

Figure 2. Summit County influenza and COVID-19 associated hospitalizations by week, 2021-2022 season



EpiCenter collects and analyzes health related data in real time to provide information about the health of the community. This system tracks ER visits related to constitutional complaints and fever and ILI. **Figures 3** displays the weekly number of ER visits related to ILI and flu symptoms in Summit County. There were 108 ILI-related visits reported during Week 30, which was 1.7% of total ED visits (n = 6,172). This rate was 1.8% lower than the ILI rate during Week 29.

Figure 3. Weekly ED visits in Summit County related to Fever + ILI stratified by age groups, 2021 to 2022 season



1750 40% % COVID-19 Positives **Bositive test results**1250
1000
750
500 35% 31% 29% Positive for Influenza A Positive for Influenza B 30% 26% 24% Total positive influenza results Total COVID-19 positives 19% 13% 13% 13% 12% 11% 500 8% 9% 4% 5% 10% 161 149 163 250 5% 34 31 18 19 20 **0%** NeekJJ Meek 16 MeekJI NeekJo Meet 19 neerio NeekJJ Meet 20 Meekzi Meetzs Neeks neeko MeekT Neeks Neeko NeekJ3 Meek22 Neekza Neetzo Meek21

Flu Surveillance Week

Figure 4. Influenza diagnostic tests with positive results completed by Summit County health facilities, 2021 - 2022 season

Ohio Influenza Activity: from the Ohio Department of Health:

Current Ohio Activity Level (Geographic Spread) – Minimal

During MMWR Week 17, public health surveillance data sources indicate Minimal intensity for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient settings reported by Ohio's sentinel ILINet providers. The percentage of emergency department visits with patients exhibiting constitutional symptoms and Fever/ILI specified ED visits decreased; both are above baseline levels statewide. Reported cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations are above the seasonal threshold (25 hospitalizations). There were 146 influenza-associated hospitalizations reported during MMWR Week 17.

Ohio Influenza Activity Summary Dashboard (April 24 – April 30, 2022):

Data Source	Current week value	Percent Change from last week ¹	# of weeks ²	Trend Chart ³
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Outpatient Data (ILINet Sentinel Provider Visits)	2.63%	-15.97%	↓ 1	40 - 2021 Week Number 20 - 2022
Thermometer Sales (National Retail Data Monitor) ⁴	0.32%	18.52%	↑ 1	40 - 2021 Week Number 20 - 2022
Fever and ILI Specified ED Visits (EpiCenter)	1.67%	-9.73%	↓1	40 - 2021 Week Number 20 - 2022
Constitutional ED Visits (EpiCenter)	9.16%	-7.01%	↓1	40 - 2021 Week Number 20 - 2022
Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (Ohio Disease Reporting System)	146	9.77%	↑ 1	40 - 2021 Week Number 20 - 2022

¹Interpret percent changes with caution. Large variability may be exhibited in data sources with low weekly values.

Source: https://odh.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/odh/know-our-programs/seasonal-influenza-influenza-dashboard

²Number of weeks that the % change is increasing or decreasing.

³Black lines represent current week's data; red lines represent baseline averages The 2020-2021 influenza season has been omitted from the five-year baseline averages due to abnormal counts reported during the COVID-19 pandemic. A five-year average, which includes data from the 2015-2016 season through the 2019-2020 season, is displayed.

⁴Due to abnormally high thermometer sales during the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 season data has been omitted. A 4-year average, which includes data from the 2015-2016 season through the 2018-2019 season, is shown.

Ohio Surveillance Data:

- The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory has tested 682 specimens for influenza during the 2021-2022 influenza season: of these, 2 tested positive for influenza A(H1N1pdm09), 684 for influenza A(H3N2), 5 for influenza B, and 1 for swine variant influenza A(H3N2v) (through 4/30/2022).
- The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) and U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Laboratories reported 154,820 tests for influenza performed at participating facilities; 11 tested positive for influenza A(H1N1pdm09), 1,263 for influenza A(H3N2), 3,767 for influenza A (subtyping not performed), and 145 for influenza B and 1 for swine variant influenza A(H3N2v) (through 4/23/2022).
- One **pediatric influenza-associated mortality** has been reported so far during the 2021-2022 influenza season (through 4/30/2022).
- One **novel influenza A virus infection** has been reported so far during the 2021-2022 influenza season (through 4/30/2022).
- Incidence of confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations in 2021-2022 season = 1670 (through 4/30/2022).

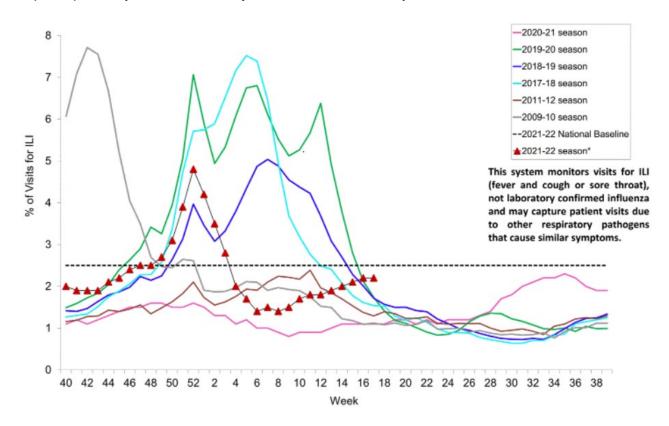
National Surveillance: from Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):

Seasonal influenza activity continues to increase in parts of the country.

National Outpatient Illness Surveillance:

Nationwide during Week 17, 2.2% of patient visits reported through ILINet were due to respiratory illness that included fever plus a cough or sore throat, also referred to as ILI. This remained stable (change of \leq 0.1%) compared to week 16. Seven of the 10 HHS regions are below their region-specific baselines; Regions 1, 2, and 10 are above their respective baselines. Multiple respiratory viruses are co-circulating, and the relative contribution of influenza virus infection to ILI varies by location.

Figure 5. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) reported by the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly National Summary, 2021-2022 and selected previous seasons



N. Mariana Islands

Figure 6. Influenza-like illness (ILI) activity level indicator determined by data reported to ILINet

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

Global Surveillance:

Influenza Update N° 418, World Health Organization (WHO), published 2 May 2022, based on data up to 17 April 2022. The Update is published every two weeks.

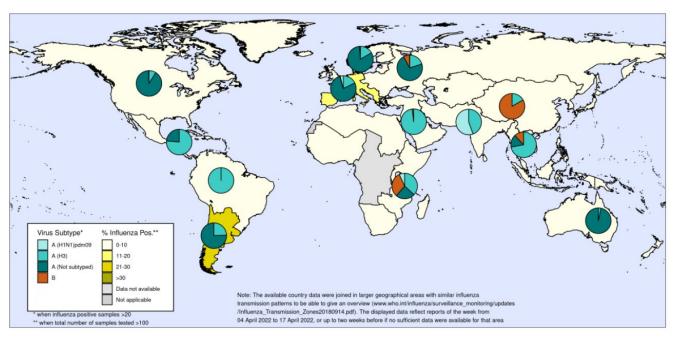
Summary

The current influenza surveillance data should be interpreted with caution as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has influenced to varying extents health seeking behaviours, staffing/routines in sentinel sites, as well as testing priorities and capacities in Member States. The various hygiene and physical distancing measures implemented by Member States to reduce SARS-CoV-2 virus transmission have likely played a role in reducing influenza virus transmission.

- Globally, influenza activity remained low, with a further decrease of activity in some areas.
- In the temperate zones of the northern hemisphere, influenza activity seems to decrease except in North America. Detections were mainly influenza A(H3N2) viruses and B/Victoria lineage viruses.
- In North America, influenza activity continued to increase in recent weeks but remained lower than pre-COVID-19 pandemic levels at this time of the year and was predominantly due to influenza A viruses, with A(H3N2) predominant among the subtyped viruses. Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) activity remained low in the United States of America (USA) and Canada.
- In Europe, overall influenza activity appeared to decline, with influenza A(H3N2) predominant.
- In Central Asia, sporadic influenza B detections were reported in Kazakhstan.
- In East Asia, influenza activity with mainly influenza B/Victoria lineage detections continued to decrease in China. ILI
 rate and pneumonia hospitalizations remained elevated in Mongolia. Elsewhere, influenza illness indicators and
 activity remained low.
- In Northern Africa, decreased detections of influenza A(H3N2) were reported in Tunisia.
- In Western Asia, Georgia reported increased detections of influenza A(H3N2).
- In the Caribbean and Central American countries, low influenza activity was reported with influenza A(H3N2)
 predominant.
- In tropical South America, low influenza activity was reported with influenza A(H3N2) predominant.

- In tropical Africa, influenza activity was reported mainly from Eastern Africa with influenza A(H3N2) predominating followed by influenza B viruses.
- In Southern Asia, influenza virus detections were at low levels overall.
- In South-East Asia, only Malaysia reported influenza detections of influenza A(H3N2) and B viruses.
- In the temperate zones of the southern hemisphere, influenza activity remained low overall, although detections of influenza A viruses, predominant with A(H3N2), continued to be reported in some countries in temperate South America and South Africa.
- National Influenza Centres (NICs) and other national influenza laboratories from 112 countries, areas or territories reported data to FluNet for the time period from 04 April 2022 to 17 April 2022 (data as of 2022-04-29 06:59:32 UTC). The WHO GISRS laboratories tested more than 336 269 specimens during that time period. 33 676 were positive for influenza viruses, of which 33 139 (98.4%) were typed as influenza A and 537 (1.6%) as influenza B. Of the sub-typed influenza A viruses, 533 (9.5%) were influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and 5 085 (90.5%) were influenza A(H3N2). Of the characterized B viruses, 337 (100%) belonged to the B-Victoria lineage.

Figure 7. Percentage of respiratory specimens that tested positive for influenza, by influenza transmission zone. Map generated on 29 April 2022



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on map represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.

Data source: Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System (GISRS), FluNet (www.who.int/flunet) Copyright WHO 2022. All rights reserved.

World Health Organization

Source: https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/

About this report: Reporting agencies include labs, hospitals, long-term care and community-based care providers, physician offices, university clinic, pharmacies, and schools. Agencies are distributed throughout Summit County and report different indicators of flu activity including total lab tests, numbers of positive tests and type, antiviral prescriptions filled, school absences, and influenza like illness (ILI). Hospitalizations are lab confirmed for influenza and are obtained from the Ohio Disease Reporting System. Number of deaths associated with influenza and pneumonia are gathered from the Summit County Office of Vital Records death listings. Emergency room visits for complaints related to influenza are obtained by syndromic surveillance system (Epicenter).

Special thanks to all agencies who report Influenza related data weekly.

Reporting from participants may not be complete each week. Numbers may change as updated reports are received. For questions, please contact Joan Hall at the Summit County Public Health Communicable Disease Unit (330-375-2662 or cdu@schd.org). This report was issued on May 6, 2022.